UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

IN RE: VALSARTAN PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION,

MDL NO. 2875

HON. ROBERT B. KUGLER

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:

Meeks v. Zhejiang Huahai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., et al.

Case No. 1:19-cv-16209

NOTICE OF VIDEOTAPED DEPOSTITION OF LOIS MAILANDER, M.D.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, in accordance with Rule 30 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Fact Witness Deposition Protocol in this case (Case Management Order #20, filed November 17, 2020 – document 632), Plaintiff Sandra Meeks (obo the Estate of Ronald Meeks) will take the deposition upon oral examination of Lois Mailander, M.D. on October 8, 2021 at 9:30 am CST, and continuing until completion, via remote (Zoom) deposition while the witness is at his home or office or other location agreed to by the parties. Please take further notice that: the deposition will be conducted remotely, using audio-visual conference technology; the court reporter will report the deposition from a location separate from the witness; counsel for the parties will be participating from various, separate locations; the court reporter will administer the oath to the witness remotely; and the witness will be required to provide government-issued identification satisfactory to the court reporter, and this identification must be legible on camera. The deposition shall be videotaped and recorded stenographically, and will continue from day to day until completed before a person duly authorized to administer oaths who is not counsel of record or interested in the events of this case. The court reporter and videographer will be an employee or agent of Golkow Global Litigation Services. The attorney contact for the deposition is:

Madeline E. Pendley
LEVIN, PAPANTONIO, RAFFERTY,
PROCTOR, BUCHANAN, O'BRIEN,
BARR & MOUGEY, P.A.
316 S. Baylen Street, Suite 600
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(850) 435-7003
mpendley@levinlaw.com

Dated: October 1, 2021 Respectfully submitted:

/s/Madeline E. Pendley

Madeline E. Pendley Levin, Papantonio, Rafferty, Proctor, Buchanan, O'Brien, Barr & Mougey, P.A.

316 S. Baylen Street, Suite 600 Pensacola, FL 32502 Phone: (850) 435-7003

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Email: mpendley@levinlaw.com

Counsel for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 1st day of October, 2021, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing Notice of Videotaped Deposition of Lois Mailander, M.D., to be filed with the Court's ECF system and served upon counsel of record. I further certify that a copy of the foregoing was served on the following Defendants' counsel by e-mail:

Tori Langton (via email, for distribution to Defendants' Counsel)

Golkow Global Litigation Services (via email)

/s/Madeline E. Pendley

Madeline E. Pendley Levin, Papantonio, Rafferty, Proctor, Buchanan, O'Brien, Barr & Mougey, P.A.

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Email: mpendley@levinlaw.com

Counsel for Plaintiff

AO 88A (Rev. 12/20) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

	United States D	DISTRICT COURT	
	for the	ne	
	District	t of	
Plaintif _y V. Defendas)) 	Civil Action No.	
·	,		
SUBPO	DENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEF	POSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION	
To:			
	(Name of person to whom	m this subpoena is directed)	
deposition to be taken in this c party serving this subpoena ab	eivil action. If you are an organization the following matters, or those	the time, date, and place set forth below to te zation, you must promptly confer in good fair ose set forth in an attachment, and you must of ther persons who consent to testify on your be	th with the designate one
Place:		Date and Time:	
The deposition will be	e recorded by this method:		
		oring with you to the deposition the following permit inspection, copying, testing, or samp	
Rule 45(d), relating to your pr		ached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of co subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to to doing so.	•
Date: <i>CLI</i>	ERK OF COURT	OR	
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature	,
The name, address, e-mail add	ress, and telephone number of th	he attorney representing (name of party) who issues or requests this subr	ooena are:

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

n (date)	opoena for (name of individual and title, if a	ny)	
☐ I served the su	bpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	med individual as follow	ws:
		on (date)	; or
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United itness the fees for one day's attendance.		
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, f	or a total of \$
I declare under pe	enalty of perjury that this information i	is true.	
re:			
		Server's signa	nture
		Printed name an	nd title
		Server's addi	ress

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

AO 88A (Rev. 12/20) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 3)

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.